

such Commission, see Reorg. Plan No. 10 of 1950, §§ 1, 2, eff. May 24, 1950, 15 F.R. 3175, 64 Stat. 1265, set out under section 78d of this title.

NONAPPLICABILITY OF CHAPTER

Pub. L. 102-486, title IV, §404(c), Oct. 24, 1992, 106 Stat. 2880, provided that:

“(1) A company shall not be considered to be a gas utility company under section 2(a)(4) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 (15 U.S.C. 79b(a)(4)) solely because it owns or operates facilities used for the distribution at retail of vehicular natural gas.

“(2) Notwithstanding section 11(b)(1) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 (15 U.S.C. 79k(b)(1)), a holding company registered under such Act [15 U.S.C. 79 et seq.] solely by reason of the application of section 2(a)(7)(A) or (B) of such Act with respect to control of a gas utility company or subsidiary thereof, may acquire or retain, in any geographic area, any interest in a company that is not a public utility company and which, as a primary business, is involved in the sale of vehicular natural gas or the manufacture, sale, transport, installation, servicing, or financing of equipment related to the sale for consumption of vehicular natural gas.

“(3) The sale or transportation of vehicular natural gas by a company, or any subsidiary of such company, shall not be taken into consideration in determining whether under section 3 of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 (15 U.S.C. 79c) such company is exempt from registration.

“(4) For purposes of this subsection, terms that are defined under the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 shall have the meaning given such terms in such Act.

“(5) For purposes of this subsection, the term ‘vehicular natural gas’ means natural or manufactured gas that is ultimately used as a fuel in a self-propelled vehicle.”

CROSS REFERENCES

Affiliate, unlawful acquisition of security of public-utility company, see section 79i of this title.

Applicability to United States, States or their governmental agencies of—

Investment Advisers Act of 1940, see section 80b-2 of this title.

Investment Company Act of 1940, see section 80a-2 of this title.

Securities Exchange Act of 1934, see section 78c of this title.

Definition of terms—

Director, voting security, and sale or sell under Indenture Trust Act of 1939, see section 77ccc of this title.

Person, company, affiliated company, affiliated person, director, security, voting security, and sale or sell under Investment Company Act of 1940, see section 80a-2 of this title.

Person, company, director, and security under Investment Advisers Act of 1940, see section 80b-2 of this title.

Person, director, security, and sale or sell under Securities Exchange Act of 1934, see section 78c of this title.

Person, security, and sale or sell under Securities Act of 1933, see section 77b of this title.

Registered holding company, subsidiary company, associate company, and affiliate as applicable to issue or sale by registered holding company of its securities to indenture trustee of such company, see section 77kkk of this title.

SECTION REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This section is referred to in sections 77kkk, 79i, 79z-5a, 79z-5b of this title; title 16 sections 824m, 839f; title 26 section 1083; title 42 section 7651o.

§ 79c. Exemptions regarding holding companies

(a) Exemption of holding companies

The Commission, by rules and regulations upon its own motion, or by order upon application, shall exempt any holding company, and every subsidiary company thereof as such, from any provision or provisions of this chapter, unless and except insofar as it finds the exemption detrimental to the public interest or the interest of investors or consumers, if—

(1) such holding company, and every subsidiary company thereof which is a public-utility company from which such holding company derives, directly or indirectly, any material part of its income, are predominantly intrastate in character and carry on their business substantially in a single State in which such holding company and every such subsidiary company thereof are organized;

(2) such holding company is predominantly a public-utility company whose operations as such do not extend beyond the State in which it is organized and States contiguous thereto;

(3) such holding company is only incidentally a holding company, being primarily engaged or interested in one or more businesses other than the business of a public-utility company and (A) not deriving, directly or indirectly, any material part of its income from any one or more subsidiary companies, the principal business of which is that of a public-utility company, or (B) deriving a material part of its income from any one or more such subsidiary companies, if substantially all the outstanding securities of such companies are owned, directly or indirectly, by such holding company;

(4) such holding company is temporarily a holding company solely by reason of the acquisition of securities for purposes of liquidation or distribution in connection with a bona fide debt previously contracted or in connection with a bona fide arrangement for the underwriting or distribution of securities; or

(5) such holding company is not, and derives no material part of its income, directly or indirectly, from any one or more subsidiary companies which are, a company or companies the principal business of which within the United States is that of a public-utility company.

(b) Exemption of subsidiary companies of holding company

The Commission, by rules and regulations upon its own motion, or by order upon application, shall exempt any subsidiary company, as such, of a holding company from any provision or provisions of this chapter, the application of which to such subsidiary company the Commission finds is not necessary in the public interest or for the protection of investors, if such subsidiary company derives no material part of its income, directly or indirectly, from sources within the United States, and neither it nor any of its subsidiary companies is a public-utility company operating in the United States.

(c) Filing for exemption

Within a reasonable time after the receipt of an application for exemption under subsection

(a) or (b) of this section, the Commission shall enter an order granting, or, after notice and opportunity for hearing, denying or otherwise disposing of such application. The filing of an application in good faith under subsection (a) of this section by a person other than a registered holding company shall exempt the applicant from any obligation, duty, or liability imposed in this chapter upon the applicant as a holding company until the Commission has acted upon such application. The filing of an application in good faith under subsection (b) of this section shall exempt the applicant from any obligation, duty, or liability imposed in this chapter upon the applicant as a subsidiary company until the Commission has acted upon such application. Whenever the Commission, on its own motion, or upon application by the holding company or any subsidiary company thereof exempted by any order issued under subsection (a) of this section, or by the subsidiary company exempted by any order issued under subsection (b) of this section, finds that the circumstances which gave rise to the issuance of such order no longer exist, the Commission shall by order revoke such order.

(d) Exemption of specified class or classes of persons

The Commission may, by rules and regulations, conditionally or unconditionally exempt any specified class or classes of persons from the obligations, duties, or liabilities imposed upon such persons as subsidiary companies or affiliates under any provision or provisions of this chapter, and may provide within the extent of any such exemption that such specified class or classes of persons shall not be deemed subsidiary companies or affiliates within the meaning of any such provision or provisions, if and to the extent that it deems the exemption necessary or appropriate in the public interest or for the protection of investors or consumers and not contrary to the purposes of this chapter.

(Aug. 26, 1935, ch. 687, title I, § 3, 49 Stat. 810.)

TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS

For transfer of functions of Securities and Exchange Commission, with certain exceptions, to Chairman of such Commission, see Reorg. Plan No. 10 of 1950, §§ 1, 2, eff. May 24, 1950, 15 F.R. 3175, 64 Stat. 1265, set out under section 78d of this title.

CROSS REFERENCES

Rules and regulations, authority of Commission to make, issue, amend, and rescind, see section 79t of this title.

SECTION REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This section is referred to in sections 79z-5, 79z-5b of this title; title 26 section 1081.

§ 79d. Transactions by unregistered holding companies

(a) Transactions after December 1, 1935

After December 1, 1935, unless a holding company is registered under section 79e of this title, it shall be unlawful for such holding company, directly or indirectly—

- (1) to sell, transport, transmit, or distribute, or own or operate any utility assets for the

transportation, transmission, or distribution of, natural or manufactured gas or electric energy in interstate commerce;

- (2) by use of the mails or any means or instrumentality of interstate commerce, to negotiate, enter into, or take any step in the performance of, any service, sales, or construction contract undertaking to perform services or construction work for, or sell goods to, any public-utility company or holding company;

- (3) to distribute or make any public offering for sale or exchange of any security of such holding company, any subsidiary company or affiliate of such holding company, any public-utility company, or any holding company, by use of the mails or any means or instrumentality of interstate commerce, or to sell any such security having reason to believe that such security, by use of the mails or any means or instrumentality of interstate commerce, will be distributed or made the subject of a public offering;

- (4) by use of the mails or any means or instrumentality of interstate commerce, to acquire or negotiate for the acquisition of any security or utility assets of any subsidiary company or affiliate of such holding company, any public-utility company, or any holding company;

- (5) to engage in any business in interstate commerce; or

- (6) to own, control, or hold with power to vote, any security of any subsidiary company thereof that does any of the acts enumerated in paragraphs (1) to (5) of this subsection.

(b) Outstanding securities held by nonresidents; registration

Every holding company which has outstanding any security any of which, by use of the mails or any means or instrumentality of interstate commerce, has been distributed or made the subject of a public offering subsequent to January 1, 1925, and any of which security was owned or held on October 1, 1935 (or, if such company is not a holding company on that date, on the date such company becomes a holding company) by persons not resident in the State in which such holding company is organized, shall register under section 79e of this title on or before December 1, 1935 or the thirtieth day after such company becomes a holding company, whichever date is later.

(Aug. 26, 1935, ch. 687, title I, § 4, 49 Stat. 812.)

CROSS REFERENCES

Fine for violation by holding company, see section 79z-3 of this title.

SECTION REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This section is referred to in section 79z-3 of this title.

§ 79e. Registration of holding companies

(a) Notification of registration; effective date of registration

On or at any time after October 1, 1935, any holding company or any person purposing to become a holding company may register by filing with the Commission a notification of registra-